



Benha University 1st Term Final Exam

Class: 1st Year students

Subject: Organizational Behavior (Humanities)

Faculty of Computers & Informatics

Date: 13-1-2013 Time: 2 hour

Examiner: Dr. Ahmed El-sawy

Answer the following questions:

Q1: Ch	oose the correct answer	r: (6 Points)		
1-	A person courses of action.	or more alternative responses or		
	a) Decision Maker	b) Decision Taker	c)Decision Pla	ayer
2-		uch factors as the m nmental, and technologi		vernment regulations, and the of the future
	a) Internal focus	b) Flexibility	c) External F	ocus
3-	Type of intelligence focused on problem solving involving abstract reasoning that called			
	a) Analytical	b) Creative	c) Practical	
4-	Persons who believe that their lives are controlled by circumstances and attribute the success or failure to luck that called			
	a) Internal locus of co	ntrol b) External loc	cus of control	c) No one of both
5-	Believe titles are obsolete and Offer all employees stock options			
	a) Cool Companies	b) Old Companies	c) Mixed Com	panies
6-	6 Is a predisposition that influences a person's response to an object			onse to an object
	a) Value	b) Ethic	c) Attitude	

Q2: Compare between Certainty and Risk and Uncertainty. (6 Points)

Certainty	Risk	<u>Uncertainty</u>
Facts are well known.	Facts are known.	Facts are unknown.
Alternatives are known and outcomes can be predicted accurately. Usually involves lower-level issues	Alternatives are less clearly defined. The probability of outcomes is predicted from experience.	Few alternatives are known. The probability of outcomes cannot be predicted accurately.



Benha University 1st Term Final Exam

Class: 1st Year students

Subject: Organizational Behavior (Humanities)

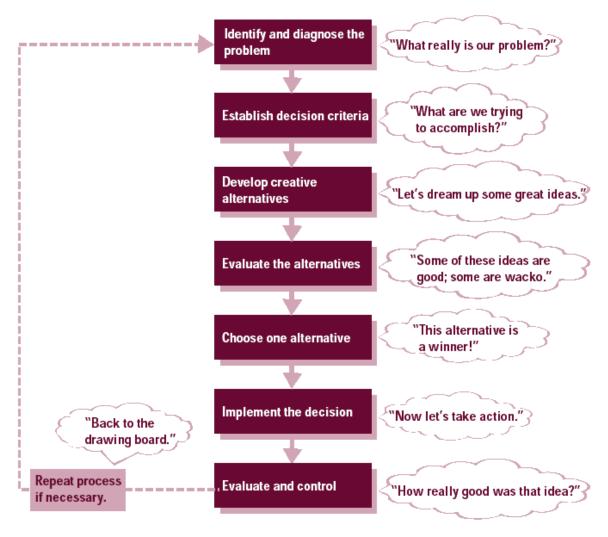


Faculty of Computers & Informatics

Date: 13-1-2013 Time: 2 hour

Examiner: Dr. Ahmed El-sawy

Q3: By drawing define the decision making process. (5 Points)



Q4: Define the job satisfaction and the consequences of job satisfaction. (5 Points)

- Job satisfaction
 - Is the amount of pleasure or contentment that a person associates with a job.
- Consequences of job satisfaction are:
 - High productivity when the work involves people contact
 - A stronger tendency to achieve customer loyalty
 - Low absenteeism and turnover
 - Less job stress and burnout



Benha University 1st Term Final Exam

Class: 1st Year students

Subject: Organizational Behavior (Humanities)



Faculty of Computers & Informatics

Date: 13-1-2013 Time: 2 hour

Examiner: Dr. Ahmed El-sawy

- Better safety performance
- Better life satisfaction

Q5: what are the Consequences of Individual Differences (in points)? (4 Points)

- Variations in productivity
- Ability and talent
- The desire to achieve high-quality results
- Empowerment and involvement
- Preferred leadership style
- Need for contact with other people
- · Commitment and loyalty to the firm
- Variations in worker's self-esteem

Q6: Why Congruence between Individual and Organizational values is important? (4 Points)

- > Employee job performance is likely to be higher.
- > Employees are more successful and believe they can reach their career goals.
- Employees are more likely to remain with the firm and to work longer hours.
- ➤ Employees do not suffer person-role conflict in attempting to obey orders that clash with personal values.

Q7: what are the Techniques for Enhancing Creativity? (6 Points)

- Brainstorming:
- Idea quotas
- Heterogeneous group
- Financial incentives
- Architecture and physical layout
- Inspiration



Benha University 1st Term Final Exam Class: 1st Year students

Subject: Organizational Behavior (Humanities)



Faculty of Computers & Informatics

Date: 13-1-2013 Time: 2 hour

Examiner: Dr. Ahmed El-sawy

Define: Organization – Problem - Organizational Citizenship - Demographic Diversity. (4 Points)

- Organization: A consciously coordinated social unit, composed of two or more people, that functions on a relatively continuous basis to achieve a common goal or set of goals.
- Problem: A divergence between the ideal and the real that requires a decision about which alternative should be chosen to remedy the divergence.
- Organizational Citizenship: The willingness to work for the good of the organization even without the promise of a specific reward.
- Demographic Diversity: Difference in background factors shape worker attitudes and behaviors. Key sources of diversity include gender, age, race and ethnicity, and physical disability

Good Luck,